#### TVS Diodes Transient Voltage Suppression Diodes





#### Description

Transient Voltage Suppressor (TVS) is a circuit protection component that either attenuates (reduces) or filters a transient voltage spike (overvoltage), TVS diodes provide critical protection by going into avalanche breakdown within no more than a few nanoseconds after a strike, clamping the transient voltage, and routing its current to the ground.

## Applications

- Communication Equipment
- Security & Protection
- Industrial Control Equipment
- Power Supply
- Automotive Electronics
- New Energy
- Lightning Protection

## **Functional Diagram**

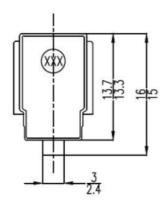


#### **Features**

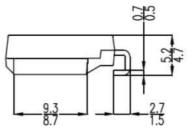
- Chip produced by chemical method
- Junction passivated by high temperature resistant insulating adhesive
- T<sub>J</sub> = 175 °C capability suitable for high reliability and automotive requirement
- Available in Bi-directional polarity only
- Low leakage current
- High surge capability
- Meets ISO16750-2 surge specification (varied by test condition)
- LF maximum peak of 245 °C
- AEC-Q101 qualified
- Meets ROHS standards
- Halogen-free
- Package:DO-218AB

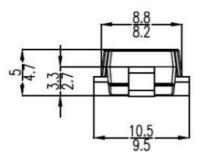


## Package Outline Dimensions (DO-218AB)



Mounting Pad Layout





## **Maximum Ratings and Characteristics**

(Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak pulse power dissipation on 10/1000 µs waveform	P <sub>PPM</sub>	3600	W
Peak pulse power dissipation on 10/10000 µs waveform	P <sub>PPM</sub>	2800	W
Peak Power Dissipation on Infinite Heat Sink at $T_{\rm C}\text{=}50~^\circ\text{C}$	PD	5.0	W
Peak pulse current with 10/1000 µs waveform	I <sub>PPM</sub>	See page 6	А
Operating junction and storage temperature range	T <sub>J</sub> ,T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 175	°C

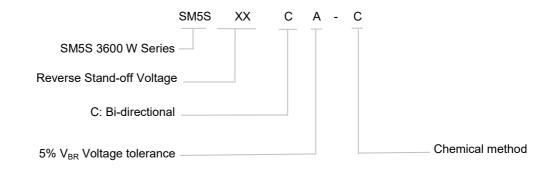
Note

1. Non-repetitive current pulse derated above TA =  $25 \degree C$ .

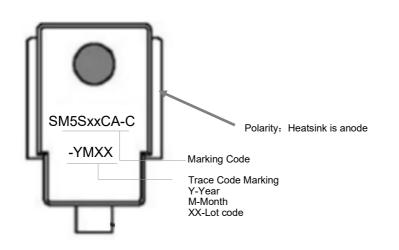
TVS Diodes Transient Voltage Suppression Diodes



## Part Numbering System



#### Marking





# Glossary

ltem	Description
Vc	<b>Clamping Voltage</b> Voltage across TVS in a region of low differential resistance that serves to limit the voltage across the device terminals.
V <sub>R</sub>	<b>Reverse Stand-off Voltage</b> Maximum voltage that can be applied to the TVS without operation. NOTE : It is also shown as $V_{WM}$ (maximum working voltage (maximum d.c. voltage)) and known as rated stand-off voltage ( $V_{so}$ ).
I <sub>R</sub>	Reverse Leakage CurrentCurrent measured at $V_{R.}$ NOTE : Also shown as $I_D$ for stand-by current.
V <sub>BR</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Voltage across TVS at a specified current $I_{T}$ in the breakdown region.
<b>I</b> <sub>РРМ</sub>	Rated Random Recurring Peak Impulse Current Maximum-rated value of random recurring peak impulse current that may be applied to a device.
$P_{M(AV)}$	Rated Average Power DissipationMaximum-rated value of power dissipation resulting from all sources, including transients and standby current,averaged over a short period of time.
<b>Р</b> <sub>РРМ</sub>	<b>Rated Random Recurring Peak Impulse Power Dissipation</b> Maximum-rated value of the product of rated random recurring peak impulse current ( <i>I</i> <sub>PPM</sub> ) multiplies by specified maximum clamping voltage ( <i>V</i> <sub>C</sub> ).
CJ	Capacitance Capacitance across the TVS measured at a specified frequency and voltage.
V <sub>FS</sub>	Peak Forward Surge VoltagePeak voltage across an TVS for a specified forward surge current (IFS) and time duration.NOTE : Also shown as VF.
I <sub>FS</sub>	<b>Forward Surge Current</b> Pulsed current through TVS in the forward conducting region. NOTE : Also shown as <i>I</i> <sub>F.</sub>
α <sub>V(BR)</sub>	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage The change of breakdown voltage divided by the change of temperature.
I <sub>PP</sub>	Peak pulse Current Peak pulse current value applied across the TVS to determine the clamping voltage $V_{\rm C}$ for a specified wave shape.
ŀτ	<b>Pulsed D.C. Test Current</b> Test current for measurement of the breakdown voltage $V_{BR}$ . This is defined by the manufacturer and usually given in milliamperes with a pulse duration of less than 40 ms. NOTE : Also shown as $I_{BR}$ .

---(GB-T 18802.321 / IEC 61643-321 / JESD210A)



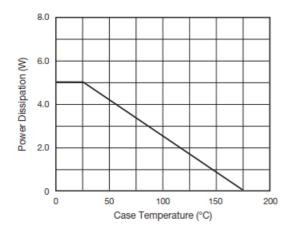
#### **Electrical Characteristics** (T<sub>A</sub>=25 °C unless otherwise noted )Table 1

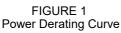
Part Number	Break Volt V <sub>BR</sub> (	age	Test Current I <sub>⊤</sub>	Reverse Stand-off Voltage V <sub>R</sub>	Reverse	lax. e Leakage @V <sub>R</sub>	Max. Peak Pulse Current	Max. Clamping Voltage V <sub>c</sub> @l <sub>PPM</sub>
	Min	Max		۷R				ССПЪЬ
Bi	(\	/)	(mA)	(V)	(µA @ 25 °C)	(µA @ 175 °C)	(A)	(V)
SM5S10CA-C	11.1	12.3	5.0	10.0	10	150	212	17.0
SM5S11CA-C	12.2	13.5	5.0	11.0	10	150	198	18.2
SM5S12CA-C	13.3	14.7	5.0	12.0	10	150	181	19.9
SM5S13CA-C	14.4	15.9	5.0	13.0	10	150	167	21.5
SM5S14CA-C	15.6	17.2	5.0	14.0	10	150	155	23.2
SM5S15CA-C	16.7	18.5	5.0	15.0	10	150	148	24.4
SM5S16CA-C	17.8	19.7	5.0	16.0	10	150	138	26.0
SM5S17CA-C	18.9	20.9	5.0	17.0	10	150	130	27.6
SM5S18CA-C	20.0	22.1	5.0	18.0	10	150	123	29.2
SM5S20CA-C	22.2	24.5	5.0	20.0	10	150	111	32.4
SM5S22CA-C	24.4	26.9	5.0	22.0	10	150	101	35.5
SM5S24CA-C	26.7	29.5	5.0	24.0	10	150	93	38.9
SM5S26CA-C	28.9	31.9	5.0	26.0	10	150	86	42.1
SM5S28CA-C	31.1	34.4	5.0	28.0	10	150	79	45.4
SM5S30CA-C	33.3	36.8	5.0	30.0	10	150	74	48.4
SM5S33CA-C	36.7	40.6	5.0	33.0	10	150	68	53.3
SM5S36CA-C	40.0	44.2	5.0	36.0	10	150	62	58.1
SM5S40CA-C	44.4	49.1	5.0	40.0	10	150	56	64.5
SM5S43CA-C	47.8	52.8	5.0	43.0	10	150	52	69.4
SM5S45CA-C	50.0	55.3	5.0	45.0	10	150	50	72.7
SM5S48CA-C	53.3	58.9	5.0	48.0	10	150	47	77.4
SM5S51CA-C	56.7	62.7	5.0	51.0	10	150	44	82.4
SM5S54CA-C	60.0	66.3	5.0	54.0	10	150	42	87.1
SM5S58CA-C	64.4	71.2	5.0	58.0	10	150	39	93.6
SM5S60CA-C	66.7	73.7	5.0	60.0	10	150	38	96.8
SM5S64CA-C	71.1	78.6	5.0	64.0	10	150	35	103
SM5S70CA-C	77.8	86.0	5.0	70.0	10	150	32	113
SM5S75CA-C	83.3	92.1	5.0	75.0	10	150	30	121
SM5S78CA-C	86.7	95.8	5.0	78.0	10	150	29	126
SM5S85CA-C	94.4	104.0	5.0	85.0	10	150	27	137

Note

1. To calculate VBR vs. junction temperature, use the following formula: VBR at TJ = VBR at 25 °C x (1 + αT x (TJ - 25)).

## Performance Curve for Reference(T<sub>A</sub>=25 °C unless otherwise noted)





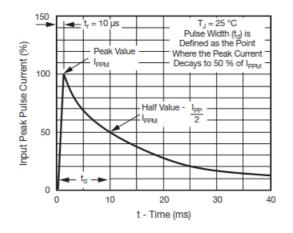


FIGURE 3 Pulse Waveform

3000 2500 Load Dump Power (W) 2000 1500 1000 500 0 50 150 25 75 100 125 175 Case Temperature (°C)

SETsafe | SET fuse

SM5SxxCA-C Series

FIGURE 2 Load Dump Power Characteristics (10 ms Exponential Waveform)

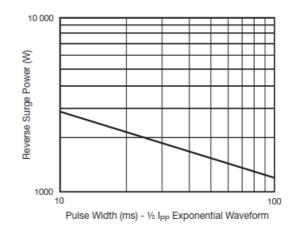
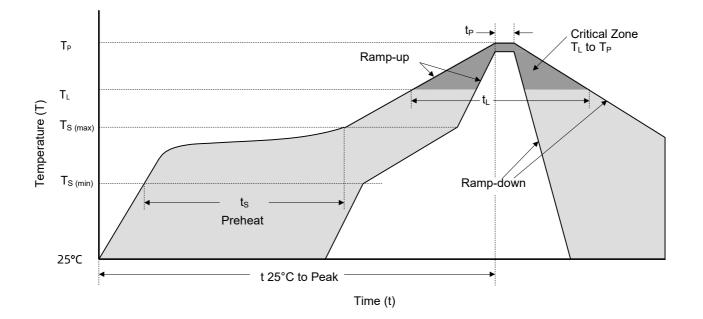


FIGURE 4 Reverse Power Capability

FIGURE 5 Typical Transient Thermal Impedance



# **Soldering Parameters**



#### **Reflowing Condition**

Reflow Solderi	ng Parameters	Lead-Free Assembly			
	Temperature Min (T <sub>S (min)</sub> )	150 °C			
Pre-heat	Temperature Max (T <sub>S (max)</sub> )	200 °C			
	Time (min to max) (t <sub>s</sub> )	60 ~ 180 seconds			
Average Ramp Up Rate (L	iquidus Temp (TL) to Peak	3 °C / second max.			
$T_{\rm S}$ (max) to $T_{\rm L}$	T <sub>S</sub> (max) to T <sub>L</sub> Ramp-up Rate				
	Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> ) (Liquidus)	217 °C			
Reflow	Time (min to max) (t <sub>L</sub> )	60 ~ 150 seconds			
Peak Temperature $(T_P)$		245 <sup>+0/-5</sup> °C			
Time of within 5 °C of Act	Time of within 5 °C of Actual Peak Temperature ( $t_{ m P}$ )				
Ramp-do	Ramp-down Rate				
Time from 25 °C to	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline Pre-heat & \hline Temperature Max (T_{S (max)}) & 200 \ ^{\circ}C & \\ \hline Time (min to max) (t_{S}) & 60 \ ^{\circ} 180 \ seconds & \\ \hline Average Ramp Up Rate (Liquidus Temp (TL) to Peak & 3 \ ^{\circ}C \ / \ second max. & \\ \hline T_{S} (max) to T_L \ Ramp-up Rate & 3 \ ^{\circ}C \ / \ second max. & \\ \hline T_{S} (max) to T_L \ Ramp-up Rate & 3 \ ^{\circ}C \ / \ second max. & \\ \hline Temperature (T_L) (Liquidus) & 217 \ ^{\circ}C & \\ \hline Reflow & \hline Time (min to max) (t_L) & 60 \ ^{\circ} 150 \ seconds & \\ \hline Peak \ Temperature (T_P) & 245^{+0/-5} \ ^{\circ}C & \\ \hline Time of within 5 \ ^{\circ}C \ of \ Actual \ Peak \ Temperature (t_P) & 20 \ ^{\circ} 40 \ seconds & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$				
Do Not	Exceed	245 °C			



# **Packaging Information**

Таре	Symbol	Dimension			
Tape	Cymbol	Millimeters	Inches		
	A <sub>0</sub>	10.8 ± 0.3	0.425 ± 0.012		
0 <sub>0</sub> P <sub>0</sub> P <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>	16.13±0.3	0.635 ± 0.012		
	С	330.0 ± 0.3	13.0 ± 0.012		
	Do	1.55 ± 0.2	0.061 ± 0.008		
	D <sub>1</sub>	1.55 ± 0.2	0.061 ± 0.008		
	E	1.75 ± 0.2	0.069 ± 0.008		
	E <sub>1</sub>	13.30 ± 0.2	0.524 ± 0.008		
	F	11.50 ± 0.2	0.453 ± 0.008		
	P <sub>0</sub>	4.00 ± 0.2	0.157 ± 0.008		
Direction of Feed	P <sub>1</sub>	16.00 ± 0.2	0.630 ± 0.008		
W <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	2.00 ± 0.2	0.079 ± 0.008		
T	W	24.00 ± 0.2	0.945 ± 0.008		
	W <sub>1</sub>	25.85 ± 0.2	1.018 ± 0.008		

Part Number	Unit Weight	Package	QTY (Reel)	Packaging Option	Packaging Specification
SM5SxxCA-C	2.85 g	DO-218AB	750 PCS	Tape & Reel 13" reel	EIA STD RS-481





## Usage

- 1.TVS must be operated in the specified ambient temp.
- 2.Do not clean the TVS with strong polar solvent such as ketone, esters, benzene and halogenated hydrocarbon, to avoid damaging the encapsulating layer.
- 3. Please do not apply severe vibration, shock or pressure to TVS, to avoid element cracking.

## Replacement

1.If TVS is visually damaged, please replace it.

2.TVS is a non-repairable product. For safety sake, please use equivalent TVS for replacement.

## Storage

1.Storage Temp. Range: (-55 to 150) °C.

2.Do not store the TVS at the high temp., high humidity or corrosive gas environment, to avoid influencing the solder- ability of the lead wires. The product shall be used up within 1 year after receiving the goods.

## **Environmental Conditions**

- 1.TVS should not be exposed to the open air, nor direct sunshine.
- 2.TVS should avoid rain, water vapor or other condition of high temp. and high humidity.
- 3.TVS should avoid sand dust, salt mist, or other harmful gases.

## Max. Typical Capacitance of TVS

The typical capacitance of TVS is listed in the specifications. Designers may refer to it when designing TVS in High frequency circuit.

## **Installation Mechanical Stress**

1.Do not knock TVS when installing, to avoid mechanical damage.

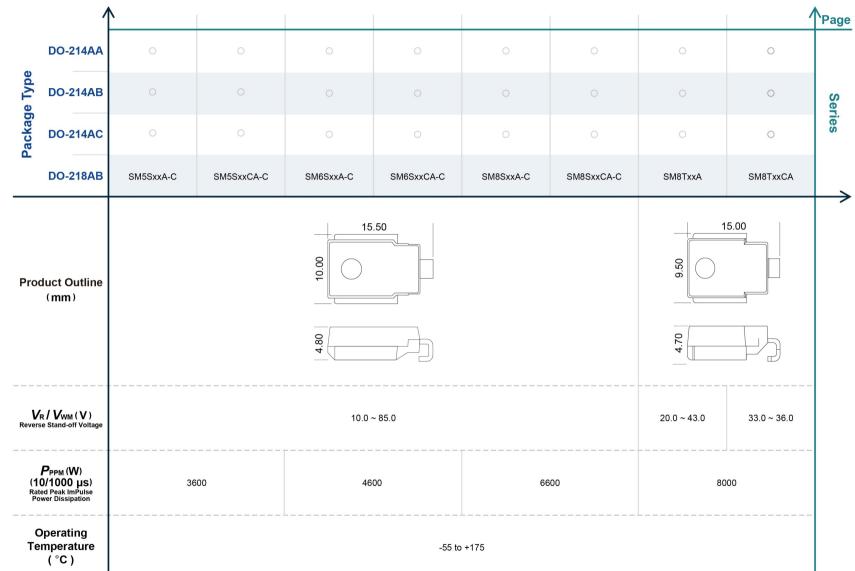
2.Please do not apply severe vibration, shock or pressure to TVS, to avoid surface resin or element cracking.

/	^								∕₽
DO-214AA	0	0	ASMB	ASMB-VR	0	0	0	0	
ed DO-214AB be y DO-214AC	0				ASMC	ASMC-VR	ASMD	A5.0SMD	
DO-214AC	ASMA	ASMA-VR					0		
DO-218AB	0								
Product Outline (mm)	2.10 2.60	5.04	3.60	5.40		2.34	7.94		
VR / VWM (V) everse Stand-off Voltage	5.8 ~ 468	5.0 ~ 440	5.8 ~ 553	5.0 ~ 440	5.8 ~ 512	5.0 ~ 440	5.0 ~ 100	12.0 ~ 170	
PPPM (W) (10/1000 µS) Rated Peak ImPulse Power Dissipation		400 64		500 1500 3000				5000	-
Operating Temperature (°C)	-55 to +150								

#### Automotive TVS Diodes (Surface Mount) Feature Overview

SETsafe SET fuse

**TVS Diodes** Transient Voltage Suppression Diodes



Transient Voltage Suppression Diodes

TVS

Diodes

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Automotive TVS Diodes (Surface Mount) Feature Overview

**ET**safe **SET** fuse SM5SxxCA-C Series